

Compendium of Smoke-free Workplace and Public Place Bylaws

<i>Municipality</i>	<i>Bylaw</i>	<i>Date in Force</i>	<i>Description of how Bylaw Provision Exceeds Provincial/Territorial Legislation</i>
<p>British Columbia:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The <i>Tobacco Control Act</i>, which came into force on March 31, 2008, assures a gold standard of protection in indoor public places and workplaces. Smoking is permitted on patios provided they are not fully or substantially enclosed. Smoking prohibited within 3 m of any doorway, open window or air intake of a public place or workplace, as well as on school property. In addition, smoking is now prohibited in private vehicles with children under the age of 16 (<i>Motor Vehicle Amendment Act, 2008</i>), and in foster care homes and cars (Smoke-Free Environment Policy, Ministry of Children & Family Development, 2008). 			
Abbotsford	<i>Smoking Regulation Bylaw No. 1694-2007</i>	4 February 2008	Smoking prohibited within 7 m of an entrance, operable window or air intake vent of a public building (building or structure on land owned by the City); in or upon any outdoor public space (an outdoor children's playground, playing field, sports venue, stadium or sports facility located on land owned by the City).
Anmore Village	<i>Bylaw No. 448-2008</i>	12 August 2008	Smoking prohibited within 7.5 m of any doorway, window or air intake of a Place of Public Assembly, as well as on or in any outdoor patio of same.
Belcarra	<i>Bylaw No. 285, 1998, Amended by No. 402, 2008 and No. 406, 2008</i>	14 April 2008 14 July 2008	Smoking prohibited within 7.5 m of any doorway, window or air intake of a place of public assembly. Smoking also prohibited on playing fields and within 7.5 m of playgrounds and other public places where children gather to play, and where people sit or stand together in close proximity.

Municipality	Bylaw	Date in Force	Description of how Bylaw Provision Exceeds Provincial/Territorial Legislation
Coquitlam (New!)	<i>Bylaw No. 4125, 2010</i>	10 August 2010	Smoking prohibited in parks or parkland or any other land used for leisure or recreation which the City owns or controls; smoking also prohibited in customer service areas, including patios, except those catering exclusively to patrons ages 16 and over. Smoke or smoking means to inhale, exhale, burn, or carry a lighted cigarette, cigar, pipe, hookah pipe, or other lighted smoking equipment that burns tobacco or other weed or substance.
Delta	<i>Delta Smoking Regulation Bylaw No. 5891, 2001</i>	6 November 2001	Smoking prohibited on outdoor patios, except those attached to bars (minors prohibited access).
Kelowna	<i>Bylaw No. 5980-86, Clean Indoor Air and Smoking Regulation Bylaw</i>	23 July 2007	Smoking prohibited within 10 m of any entrance or exit to the Kelowna International Airport main terminal building.
Mission	<i>Consolidated Smoking Regulation Bylaw No. 1562-1985</i>	16 July 2007	Smoking prohibited within 15 m of entrances to municipal buildings occupied or used by the District; in any spectator area (civic property clearly defined by ropes or signs that is set aside for an audience or spectators, including bleachers). Broad definition of smoking is not exclusive to tobacco but includes any other weed or substances.
City of North Vancouver	<i>Smoking Prohibition in Bus Shelters Bylaw, 2007, No. 7854</i>	2 April 2007	Smoking prohibited in any bus shelter or within a 7.5 m radius of any bus shelter.

Municipality	Bylaw	Date in Force	Description of how Bylaw Provision Exceeds Provincial/Territorial Legislation
District of North Vancouver (New!)	<i>Smoking Regulation Bylaw 7792, 2010</i>	15 May 2010	Smoking prohibited in or within 6 m of a building, transit stop or transit shelter where people wait for public transit; on or within 6 m of a customer service area (patio); within 6 m of any building including any door or window that opens or air intake; on or within 6 m of children's play equipment or playground, playing field, swimming beach, food concession, picnic area or skateboard park; any part of a park or other municipal property being used for any public event or activity; the grounds of any municipal building used for public recreation; Lynn Valley Village or Maplewood Farm. Definition of smoking is broad and includes hookah pipes and other weeds and substances.
Pitt Meadows	<i>Indoor Smoking Regulation Bylaw No. 2090-2002 (as amended)</i> <i>Bylaw No. 2358, 2008—Tobacco Sales and Smoking in Public Places Regulation Bylaw</i>	16 July 2002 3 June 2008	Smoking prohibited on outdoor patios, except those attached to bars (minors prohibited access). Smoking prohibited within 7.5 m of a public and workplace doorway, and by an open window and air intake.
Port Coquitlam	<i>Smoking Control Bylaw 285, 1998</i>	13 January 2003	Smoking prohibited on outdoor patios, except those attached to bars (minors prohibited access).

<i>Municipality</i>	<i>Bylaw</i>	<i>Date in Force</i>	<i>Description of how Bylaw Provision Exceeds Provincial/Territorial Legislation</i>
Port Moody	<p><i>Smoking Control Bylaw, 1996, No. 2300</i></p> <p><i>City of Port Moody Smoking Regulation Bylaw No. 2773</i></p>	<p>21 October 1996</p> <p>28 October 2008</p>	<p>Smoking prohibited on outdoor patios, except those attached to bars (minors prohibited access).</p> <p>Smoking prohibited on public transit including a school bus, passenger bus, ferry or rapid transit; within 7.5 m of entryways, windows or air intakes; in a customer service area (means a partially enclosed or unenclosed area including a balcony, patio, yard or sidewalk connected to or associated with a business that serves food or alcoholic drinks); within 7.5 m of the perimeter of a customer service area; or in any outdoor public place (includes playgrounds, playing fields, sport venues, stadiums, sports facilities, beaches, parks, walking trails, areas where people wait to board public transportation, etc.). Smoke or smoking means to inhale, exhale, burn, or carry a lighted cigarette, cigar, pipe, hookah pipe, or other lighted smoking equipment that burns tobacco or other weed or substance.</p>
Powell River	<i>Bylaw No. 2232, 2009, Smoking Regulation</i>	20 August 2009	<p>Smoking prohibited in or within 6 m of a public transit shelter; within 6 m of any opening into any building including any door or window or any air intake; on or within 6 m of a customer service area (patio); and within 6 m of a playing field, playground or school yard. Definition of smoking broad—includes hookah pipes and other weeds or substances.</p>

Municipality	Bylaw	Date in Force	Description of how Bylaw Provision Exceeds Provincial/Territorial Legislation
Richmond	<i>Bylaw No. 6989, Public Health Protection— Amendment Bylaw No. 8360</i> <i>Amendment Bylaw No. 8481</i>	30 November 2008, except customer service areas, which came into effect 31 March 2009 25 May 2009	Smoking prohibited in vehicles with children under the age of 19, in or within 3 m of enclosed or partially enclosed transit shelters, within 6 m of a sign post or sign where people wait to board public transit, within 6 m of any building's doorways, operable windows or air intakes, in or within 6 m of a customer service area (partially enclosed or unenclosed balcony, patio, yard or sidewalk associated with the service of food or alcoholic drinks), and on or within 25 m of any outdoor sport facility (includes sports fields, stadiums, golf courses, tennis courts, outdoor swimming pools, etc) or playground. Broad definition of smoking is not exclusive to tobacco, and includes hookah pipes.
Salmon Arm (New!)	<i>Bylaw No. 3851, Amending Bylaw No. 2119, Parks Regulation Bylaw</i>	13 September 2010	Smoking prohibited in Fletcher Park.
District of Sicamous (New!)	<i>Bylaw No. 801, A Bylaw to amend the Parks Regulation Bylaw No. 393, 2000</i>	24 November 2010	Smoking prohibited in River Front Nature Trail Park, Sicamous Beach Park, Beach area Tecumseh Road, Beach area Cartier Road, and all designated children's play areas.

Municipality	Bylaw	Date in Force	Description of how Bylaw Provision Exceeds Provincial/Territorial Legislation
Squamish	<i>Bylaw No.2042, 2008, District of Squamish Smoking Regulation Bylaw</i>	29 July 2008	Smoking prohibited within 3 m from a doorway, window or air intake of a public place, workplace or common area; in, on or within 3 m of the perimeter of a patio or deck used in conjunction with a restaurant, liquor outlet or other public place, whether or not the patio or deck is open or is partially or fully enclosed; within a transit shelter; in or on or a public municipal open space (includes parks, playing fields, tennis courts, playgrounds, lawn bowling greens, paths, trails, beaches, docks, marinas, etc); in a motor vehicle that is occupied by a person under the age of 16 years whether or not any window, sunroof, car-top, door or other feature of the vehicle is open.
Surrey	<i>Bylaw No. 16694, Surrey Public Health Smoking Protection Bylaw, 2008</i>	31 July 2008, except sections 2.1 (g) & (h) which came into effect 1 January 2009	Broad definition of smoking not exclusive to tobacco, and includes hookahs. Smoking prohibited in enclosed/partially enclosed transit shelters, in vehicles with children under 19, within 7.5 m of doors, windows or air intakes, in partially enclosed or unenclosed customer service areas (includes patios) & within 7.5 m of a customer service area.
Tofino	<i>Bylaw No. 1113, 2010, Smoking Regulation Bylaw</i>	27 April 2010	Smoking prohibited in any part of a municipal park (includes property owned and dedicated as a park by the District of Tofino for the purpose of pleasure, recreation and community use by the public). The definition of smoke or smoking includes other weeds or substances and includes hookah pipes.

Municipality	Bylaw	Date in Force	Description of how Bylaw Provision Exceeds Provincial/Territorial Legislation
Vancouver	<i>By-law no. 9624: A Bylaw to amend Health Bylaw No. 9535</i>	2 October 2007 15 April 2008	Smoking prohibited on or within 6 m of a customer service area (includes all patios regardless of whether or not they are covered by a roof); within 6 m of entrances, windows that open and air intakes; in an enclosed or partially enclosed shelter where people wait to board a vehicle for hire or public transit. Broad definition of smoking includes other weeds or substances in addition to tobacco, and includes hookah pipes.
	<i>Bylaw No. 10077</i>	1 September 2010	The Board of Parks and Recreation is authorized to enact bylaws to regulate smoking in parks for the care, promotion and protection of the health of people in parks.
Vancouver	<i>Park Board Smoking Regulation Bylaw</i>	1 September 2010	Smoking prohibited in a park; on a seawall or beach in a park; in a building in a park (except in a caretaker's residence); in a customer service area (partially enclosed or unenclosed area including a balcony, patio, yard or sidewalk that includes the service of food or alcoholic drinks) in a park; in a vehicle for hire in a park; on public transit in a park; or in an enclosed or partially enclosed shelter in a park where people wait to board a vehicle for hire or public transit. The definition of smoking includes hookah pipes and other weeds or substances.
Victoria	<i>Capital Regional District #2401 (as amended by Bylaw Nos. 2663, 2697 and 3300)</i>	1 July 2007	Smoking prohibited on all patios regardless of whether they are covered with a roof or not.

<i>Municipality</i>	<i>Bylaw</i>	<i>Date in Force</i>	<i>Description of how Bylaw Provision Exceeds Provincial/Territorial Legislation</i>
West Vancouver	<i>Smoking Regulation Bylaw No. 4607, 2009</i>	27 July 2009	<p>Smoking prohibited in a customer service area (partially enclosed or unenclosed area including a balcony, patio, yard or sidewalk that includes the service of food or beverages); within 6 m of a customer service area; within 6 m of an enclosed or partially enclosed shelter where people wait to board a vehicle for hire or public transit; within 6 m of any door, operable window or air intake of a building; on or within 6 m of any swimming beach or in a wading or swimming pool; in or within 6 m of the areas of a municipal park or playground where there are playing fields, picnic eating areas, food concessions, children's play equipment or organized fitness activities are taking place; in or within 6 m of any municipal and/or public building including daycares, recreation and community centres; Smoking prohibited on or within 6 m of the grounds of any municipal recreational facility, including skate board parks. Broad definition of smoking goes beyond tobacco to include other weeds or substances and includes hookah pipes.</p>

Municipality	Bylaw	Date in Force	Description of how Bylaw Provision Exceeds Provincial/Territorial Legislation
Whistler	<i>Smoking Regulation Bylaw No. 1884, 2008, A Bylaw to Regulate Smoking in The Resort Municipality of Whistler</i>	19 May 2009	Smoking prohibited on patios; in, at, on or within 25 m of an outdoor venue (for worship, entertainment, recreation, business or amusement), a playground, a playing field, a place at which a sporting event is occurring, a transit shelter or school property; within 6 m from any doorway, window or air intake of a building, structure, place or area. Broad definition of smoking includes other weeds or substances in addition to tobacco.
White Rock	<i>White Rock Smoking Regulation Bylaw 1996, No. 1502; Amendment Bylaw, 1997, No. 1539, Amendment Bylaw 2007, No. 1805, Amendment Bylaw 2008, No. 1858</i>	1 January 2009	Smoking prohibited in enclosed or partially enclosed public transit shelters, in vehicles with children under the age of 16, within 7.5 m of any door, operable window or air intake, in a customer service area (partially enclosed or unenclosed balcony, patio, yard or sidewalk associated with the service of food or alcoholic drinks), and in any outdoor gathering place under the City's jurisdiction including parks, sports fields, playgrounds, the promenade, pier and beach. Broad definition of smoking is not exclusive to tobacco and includes other lighted smoking equipment.
<p>Alberta:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The <i>Smoke-Free Places (Tobacco Reduction) Amendment Act, 2007</i>, which came into force January 1, 2008, assures a gold standard level of protection in public places and workplaces, both inside and out. Smoking prohibited on patios, as well as within 5 m of entranceways, windows that open and air intakes of all workplaces and public places. 			

Municipality	Bylaw	Date in Force	Description of how Bylaw Provision Exceeds Provincial/Territorial Legislation
Airdrie	<i>Bylaw No. B-18/2008, Being a Bylaw to amend Bylaw No. B-44/2004.</i>	1 May 2008 for new reservations, 1 September 2009 for existing reservations	Smoking prohibited in hotel rooms (includes motels and inns). Smoking prohibited in the common areas indoors and out of buildings containing 2 or more private residences. Common areas include patios, pools and other recreational areas.
Beaumont	<i>Bylaw No. 593-03, Smoke-Free Public Places Bylaw</i>	1 June 2005	Smoking prohibited within 6 m of entrances.
Calgary	<i>Bylaw No. 57M92, The Smoking Bylaw, As Amended by Bylaw Nos. 1M2000, 46M2001, 51M2001, 39M2002, 43M2006 and 47M2006.</i>	1 January 2007	Smoking prohibited in Olympic Plaza (an outdoor green space). Note: A notice of motion (NM2007-03) was carried resolving that shisha bars burning only non-tobacco products would be exempt from Calgary's smoking bylaw.
Canmore	<i>Bylaw No. 23-2006, Town of Canmore Smoking Control Bylaw</i>	2 October 2006	Smoking prohibited within 6 m of entranceways to Town buildings (owned, leased, operated or occupied by the Town) and in hotel rooms. Broad definition of smoking is not exclusive to tobacco.
Devon	<i>Smoking Bylaw 763/2004</i>	1 January 2006	Smoking prohibited on the grounds of an outdoor public event (markets, festivals, concerts) except in parking areas. Broad definition of smoking is not exclusive to tobacco.
Drayton Valley	<i>Bylaw No. 2003/18/P, The Smoking Bylaw</i>	1 July 2004	Broad definition of smoking is not exclusive to tobacco.
Jasper	<i>Bylaw No. 061, Town of Jasper Smoking Control Bylaw</i>	15 April 2005	Broad definition of smoking is not exclusive to tobacco.
Leduc (New!)	<i>Bylaw No. 754-2010</i>	2 July 2011	Smoking prohibited in private vehicles with children under the age of 18 present.

Municipality	Bylaw	Date in Force	Description of how Bylaw Provision Exceeds Provincial/Territorial Legislation
Lethbridge	<i>Bylaw 5651, Parks Bylaw</i>	7 June 2010	Smoking prohibited in the border of playground apparatuses owned or operated by the City of Lethbridge.
Okotoks	<i>Bylaw No. 19-08, Smoke Free Vehicles for Children Bylaw</i>	1 September 2008	Smoking prohibited in private vehicles with children under the age of 16 present.
Redcliff	<i>Bylaw No. 1412/2004</i>	16 February 2005	Broad definition of smoking is not exclusive to tobacco.
Red Deer	<i>Bylaw No. 3345/2005, Smoke Free Bylaw</i>	1 June 2006	Smoking prohibited on grandstands—open air seating facilities primarily but not exclusively limited to use in watching sporting events.
St. Albert	<i>Bylaw 1/2004, Smoking Bylaw</i>	1 July 2005	Smoking prohibited on the grounds of an outdoor public event (market, festival or concert). Broad definition of smoking is not exclusive to tobacco.
Stettler	<i>Bylaw No. 1898-04, Smoking Bylaw</i>	1 July 2005	Smoking prohibited within 6 m of public place and workplace entranceways. Broad definition of smoking is not exclusive to tobacco.
Sylvan Lake	<i>Bylaw No. 1397/2006, Smoke Free Bylaw</i>	1 June 2007	Smoking prohibited on grandstands—open air seating primarily but not exclusively used for watching sporting events.
Strathcona County	<i>Bylaw No. 96-2002, Smoking Bylaw</i>	21 March 2003	Broad definition of smoking is not exclusive to tobacco.
Wood Buffalo	<i>Bylaw No. 07/042, Smoke Free Bylaw</i>	1 September 2007	Smoking prohibited within 10 m of public place and workplace entrances and exits.

Municipality	Bylaw	Date in Force	Description of how Bylaw Provision Exceeds Provincial/Territorial Legislation
<p>Saskatchewan: (New!)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The <i>Tobacco Control Act</i>, which was recently amended and came into force in October 2010, now prohibits smoking in private vehicles with children under the age of 16 and in common areas of multi-unit dwellings. This is in addition to existing provisions: smoke-free public places and workplaces that are classified as public places, and all provincial government work sites including crown corporations, boards, commissions or other agencies. In addition, the Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1993 prohibit smoking in virtually all other workplaces. In terms of outdoor provisions, the new provincial Act also prohibits smoking within 3 m of doorways, windows or air intakes of enclosed public places as well as on school grounds. 			
Humboldt	<i>Bylaw No. 06/2004, A Bylaw of the City of Humboldt to Regulate Control and Prohibit Smoking in Enclosed Public Places</i>	23 June 2004	Smoking prohibited in entranceways. Note: Bylaw does not specify distance from entranceways required.
Saskatoon	<i>Bylaw No. 8286, The Smoking Control Bylaw, 2004</i>	1 July 2004	Smoking prohibited on outdoor patios as well as in tents or other portable shelters used in connection with a community event.
Thompson	<i>Bylaw No. 1691-2004, The Smoking Regulation Bylaw</i>	1 July 2004	Broad definition of smoking not exclusive to tobacco.
<p>Manitoba:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The <i>Non-Smokers' Health Protection Act (Various Acts Amended)</i>, which came into force October 1st, 2004, assures a gold standard level of protection in enclosed workplaces and public places. Smoking prohibited on bar and restaurant patios if more than 25% of the floor area is covered by a roof and more than 50% of its perimeter is more than 50% enclosed. In addition, <i>The Highway Traffic Amendment Act</i> bans smoking in private vehicles with children under the age of 16 present. 			
Brandon	<i>Bylaw No. 6696, the Smoking Bylaw</i>	1 September 2002	Smoking prohibited in seating areas at any outdoor recreational facility.
Thompson	<i>Bylaw 1691-2004, The Smoking Regulation Bylaw</i>	1 July 2004	Broad definition of smoking is not exclusive to tobacco.

Municipality	Bylaw	Date in Force	Description of how Bylaw Provision Exceeds Provincial/Territorial Legislation
<p>Ontario:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The <i>Smoke-Free Ontario Act</i>, which came into force on May 31, 2006, assures a gold standard level of protection in indoor workplaces and public places. Smoking is prohibited on outdoor patios if the patio has a partial or complete roof, regardless of whether the roof is permanent or made of temporary coverings. Smoking prohibited on school grounds, in reserved seating area of outdoor sports arenas or entertainment venues, and within 9 m of entranceways to hospitals, health care and psychiatric facilities. Smoking also prohibited in private home daycares, regardless of whether children are present or not. As of January 21 2009, smoking is also now prohibited in private vehicles with children under the age of 16 present (<i>Smoke-Free Ontario Amendment Act, 2008</i>). 			
Adjala-Tosorontio	<i>Bylaw No. 09-22, A Bylaw to Prohibit Smoking in Close Proximity to Playground Areas and Playing Fields</i>	17 August 2009	Smoking prohibited within 15 m of a playground area and within 15 m of a playing field, including but not limited to soccer fields and baseball diamonds.
Arnprior	<i>Bylaw No. 5739-09, A Bylaw to Regulate Smoking on Public Beaches and Playgrounds</i>	25 May 2009	Smoking prohibited on any public land which is identified as a public playground or public beach within the limits of the Town of Arnprior.
Barrie	<i>Bylaw No. 2009-086, A Bylaw to Prohibit Smoking Outdoors on City Owned Property</i>	1 July 2009	Smoking prohibited outdoors on any property owned and occupied by the City including but not limited to property upon which is located a City facility, parkland, playground, sports field, spectator seating area, ice surface, etc. whether or not a "No Smoking" sign is posted.
Belleville	<i>Bylaw No. 2007-142, A Bylaw to Amend Bylaw No. 9567 As Amended, Being a Bylaw to Regulate Public Parks in the City of Belleville</i>	16 July 2007	Smoking prohibited in any park or part thereof designated by signs or markers.

Non-Smokers' Rights Association
Winter 2011

<i>Municipality</i>	<i>Bylaw</i>	<i>Date in Force</i>	<i>Description of how Bylaw Provision Exceeds Provincial/Territorial Legislation</i>
Bradford West Gwillimbury	<i>Bylaw No. 2009-040, Smoke Free Public Places and Workplaces Bylaw</i>	21 April 2009	Smoking prohibited within 5 m of any exit or entrance to any municipal owned or operated facility within the Town whether or not a no-smoking sign is posted.
Brighton	<i>Bylaw No. 565-2008, Being a Bylaw to Amend Bylaw No. 277-2005 to Regulate Smoking in Public Places and Workplaces</i>	2 December 2008	Smoking prohibited on patios and within 9 m of doorways of any municipal building.
Burpee and Mills	<i>Bylaw No. 03-15, Smoke-free Bylaw</i>	7 July 2003	Smoking prohibited on patios.
Chatham-Kent (New!)	<i>Bylaw to Amend Bylaw No. 265-2002</i>	23 November 2009	Smoking prohibited within 9 m of entrances to municipal buildings and playground equipment. Smoking also prohibited within 4 m of a bus shelter. Smoking permitted within designated smoking areas in uncovered municipal parking lots.
Clearview Township	<i>Bylaw No. 09-34, Bylaw to Amend Bylaw No. 01-54</i>	13 July 2009	Smoking prohibited within 9 m of any building owned or operated by the municipality, on or within 9 m of a playground area or playing field including but not limited to soccer fields, baseball diamonds, football fields, etc., and on municipal property including parks during the period of time when people are assembled and authorized entertainment is provided.
Cobourg	<i>Bylaw 063-2010, Being a Bylaw Respecting Smoking in Public Places</i>	28 June 2010	Smoking prohibited within 9 m of the edge of the playing surfaces of all children's playground areas in the Town of Cobourg parks.
Collingwood	<i>Bylaw No. 02-109, No Smoking in Public Places Bylaw</i>	12 November 2002	Smoking prohibited within 25 m of any playground equipment, the definition of which includes municipally-owned swimming pools. The definition of playground equipment does

Municipality	Bylaw	Date in Force	Description of how Bylaw Provision Exceeds Provincial/Territorial Legislation
			not include facilities for baseball, hockey and walking and biking trails.
Cornwall	<i>Bylaw No. 112-2007, Prohibition to Smoke Within 9 Meters of Entrances and Exits</i>	4 September 2007	Smoking prohibited within 9 m of entrances or exits of a Municipal Building or Municipal Facility.
	<i>Bylaw 2009-104</i>	2009	Smoking prohibited within 9 m of City-owned facilities including playground structures, pools, splash pads, fixed seating or bleachers, tennis courts, basketball courts, etc.
Elliot Lake	<i>Bylaw No. 03-4, A Bylaw to Regulate Smoking in Public Places and Workplaces</i>	11 May 2009	Smoking prohibited on hospital property, within 9 m of entrances to public places owned by the municipality, and within 15 m of playground equipment and recreation fields including but not limited to baseball diamonds, soccer fields, tennis courts, etc. Smoking also prohibited in Miners Monument Park.
Fort Frances	<i>Bylaw No. 61/08, A Bylaw to Prohibit Smoking in Buildings and Vehicles Under the Jurisdiction of the Town of Fort Frances</i>	24 November 2008	Smoking prohibited in municipal buildings or vehicles owned or leased by the Town, and within 9 m of the main public entrance and the southwest public entrance of the Memorial Sports Centre. Broad definition of smoking is not exclusive to tobacco.
Georgina	<i>Bylaw No. 2009-0050 (Reg-1)</i>	11 May 2009	Smoking or using any tobacco product prohibited at all Civic Centre soccer pitches (8 in total) including parking lots and within 9 m east of the most easterly soccer pitch limit.
Greater Napanee	<i>Bylaw No. 2008-12, Being a Bylaw to Amend Bylaw No. 03-05, A Bylaw to Regulate Smoking in Public Places and Workplaces</i>	25 March 2008	Smoking prohibited within 6 m of the entrance or exits to any municipal building.

Municipality	Bylaw	Date in Force	Description of how Bylaw Provision Exceeds Provincial/Territorial Legislation
Grimsby	<i>Bylaw No. 10-53, A Bylaw to prohibit the smoking of tobacco at entrances to Town owned facilities</i>	21 June 2010	Smoking prohibited within 9 m of any entrance, operating window or air intake to any municipal facility whether or not a No Smoking sign is posted.
Halton Region	<i>Bylaw No. 24-09, Halton Region Outdoor Smoking Prohibition Bylaw</i>	Winter 2010	Smoking prohibited within 9 m from any entrance or exit of a municipally owned or leased building.
Haldimand County	<i>Bylaw No. 296/02, Being a Bylaw to regulate smoking in Municipal facilities</i>	4 November 2002	Smoking prohibited within 9 m of any entrance to any building or structure owned, leased or otherwise operated by the municipality.
	<i>Bylaw No. 391/03</i>	23 June 2003	Smoking prohibited on outdoor patios whether covered by a roof or not.
Huntsville	<i>Bylaw No. 2010-45, Smoke Free By-law</i>	17 May 2010	Smoking prohibited within 9 m from any entrance, exit, building opening of any Town facility including but not limited to parkland, playground, sports field, spectator seating area, ice surface whether or not a "No Smoking" sign is posted; on any walkway or pathway set out on or through Town-owned property (but does not include sidewalks); anywhere on Park Drive.
Huron County	<i>Bylaw No. 21, 2003, A Bylaw of the Corporation of the County of Huron to Regulate Smoking in Public Places and Workplaces in Huron County and to Repeal Bylaw No. 9, 2003.</i>	4 September 2004	Smoking prohibited in rooms used for temporary accommodation such as hotel and motel rooms, bed and breakfast rooms and similar facilities.
Huron Shores	<i>Bylaw No. 04-06, Being a Bylaw to Regulate Smoking in Public Places and Workplaces</i>	31 May 2004	Smoking prohibited on patios and within 4 m of entranceways to workplaces and public places.

Municipality	Bylaw	Date in Force	Description of how Bylaw Provision Exceeds Provincial/Territorial Legislation
Kenora	<i>Bylaw No. 145-2007, A Bylaw to Regulate Smoking in or Near all Buildings Owned by the Corporation of the City of Kenora</i>	10 December 2007	Smoking prohibited within 9 m of entrances or exits of city-owned facilities.
Kingston	<i>Bylaw No. 2002-231, A Bylaw to Regulate Smoking in Public Places and Workplaces in the City of Kingston</i>	1 May 2003	Smoking prohibited on patios. Smoking was prohibited beyond 9 m on hospital property; however, when the bylaw was consolidated this provision was accidentally omitted. The intention is to reinstate the provision in the future.
Midland	<i>Bylaw No. 2009-68, A Bylaw to prohibit smoking within 10 metres of municipally owned play grounds and sports fields</i>	28 September 2009	Smoking prohibited within 10 m of any Town owned playground or sports field whether or not a "No Smoking" sign is posted.
New Tecumseth	<i>Bylaw No. 2002-114, No Smoking Public Places Bylaw</i>	30 September 2002	Smoking prohibited within 10 m of any playground area established and fitted with equipment (slides, swings, etc.).
Nipigon	<i>Bylaw 1679, A Bylaw to Amend Bylaw No. 1579</i>	7 July 2009	Smoking prohibited within 9 m of the main entrance of the Nipigon Community Centre.

Municipality	Bylaw	Date in Force	Description of how Bylaw Provision Exceeds Provincial/Territorial Legislation
North Bay (New!)	<i>Bylaw # 2010-109, Being a Bylaw to Amend Bylaw # 2003-05</i>	1 May 2010	Schedules B and C inserted.
	<i>Bylaw No. 2010-31, Being a Bylaw to Amend Bylaw No. 2003-05</i>	1 May 2010	Smoking prohibited within 9 m of designated entrances to all municipal buildings, designated workplace entranceways as set out on Schedule B and the main entranceways of apartment buildings containing 6 or more dwelling units.
	<i>Bylaw No. 2010-185, Being a Bylaw to Amend Bylaw No. 2003-05 (New!)</i>	26 July 2010	Schedules B and C are deleted and new schedules are inserted in lieu.
Northeastern Manitoulin & the Islands	<i>Bylaw No. 2003-20, Being a Bylaw to Foster Community Health and Well-Being by Limiting the Emission of Second-Hand Tobacco Smoke in Public Places</i>	4 June 2003	Smoking prohibited within 9 m of any entranceway of a building owned or leased by the town.
North Grenville	<i>Bylaw No. 72-07, A Bylaw to Prohibit Smoking at the Entrances to Municipal Buildings</i>	26 November 2007	Smoking prohibited within 9 m of entrances to municipal buildings.
North Huron	<i>Bylaw No. 22-2008, A Bylaw to Prohibit or Regulate the Smoking of Tobacco in Public Places</i>	17 March 2008	Smoking prohibited within 9 m of entrances or exits of Township facilities, in an outdoor bleacher area.
Orillia	<i>Chapter 953, Smoking Regulation, Public Places and Workplaces</i>	30 June 2008	Smoking prohibited within 10 m of a playground area, sport activity area (including but not limited to ball diamonds, soccer fields, basketball courts, tennis courts, etc.) or beach area.

<i>Municipality</i>	<i>Bylaw</i>	<i>Date in Force</i>	<i>Description of how Bylaw Provision Exceeds Provincial/Territorial Legislation</i>
Ottawa	<i>Bylaw No. 2001-148, Public Places Bylaw</i>	1 August 2001	Smoking prohibited in public places, including Frank Clair Stadium, Jetform Park and the Terry Fox Athletic Facility Stadium.
Ottawa	<i>Bylaw No. 2006-6, A Bylaw of the City of Ottawa to amend Bylaw No. 2004-276 respecting smoking in the vicinity of a City facility</i>	11 January 2006	Smoking prohibited within 9 m of entranceways of a facility or any other building that is owned or leased by the City. Note: Definition of facility includes any area, pool, building or structure in a park, including playgrounds, playing fields, ball diamonds, sports fields, beaches, recreation centres, etc. However, bylaw services reports that the intent of the bylaw was only meant to prohibit smoking within 9 m of building entranceways.
Ottawa	<i>Bylaw 2007-268, A bylaw of the City of Ottawa respecting public transit</i>	1 November 2008	Smoking prohibited on transit property, including stations, platforms and the transitway. Smoking prohibited within 9 m of shelters and bus stops.

Municipality	Bylaw	Date in Force	Description of how Bylaw Provision Exceeds Provincial/Territorial Legislation
Peterborough	<i>Bylaw No. 09-034, A Bylaw to Amend Bylaw No. 07-126, Being a Consolidated Bylaw Respecting Smoking in Certain Public Places in the City of Peterborough</i>	23 March 2009	Smoking prohibited within spectator audience areas at Del Crary Park, Eastside Bowl and Riverside Park, within 9 m of any entranceway or air intake of 25 buildings owned or leased by the City, and at the Riverview Park and Zoo, including the playground, the train station and platform and green space.
	<i>Bylaw No. 10-123, Being A By-Law To Amend By-Law Number 07-126 Respecting Smoking In Certain Public Places In The City Of Peterborough</i>	July 5 2010	No person shall use any tobacco product in any building or on any land owned by the Peterborough County-City Health Unit or by the Peterborough Regional Health Centre (hospital).
		July 1 2010	Smoking prohibited within 9 m of any public playground, beach, wading pool or splash pad.
		1 May 2011	Smoking prohibited within 9 m of any sport field or skateboard park.
		1 May 2012	Smoking prohibited within any City park except in designated areas.
Port Hope	<i>Bylaw No. 88/2004, Smoke Free Bylaw</i>	1 June 2005	Smoking prohibited within 10 m of any door or window of any building owned or leased by Port Hope.
Prescott	<i>Bylaw No. 35-2007, Being a bylaw to designate a smoking area at the Town Hall and to prohibit smoking around doorways at all municipal properties</i>	19 November 2007	Smoking prohibited from the entire town hall property except for in a specific smoking area, and smoking prohibited within 15 feet (4.5 m) of the entrance to any other municipal building.
Quinte West	<i>Bylaw No. 09-99, Smoking Prohibited within 25 Metres of Municipal Playgrounds and Playing Fields</i>	27 July 2009	Smoking prohibited within 25 m of playground equipment or playing fields within a playground park owned by the Corporation of the City of Quinte West.

Non-Smokers' Rights Association
Winter 2011

Municipality	Bylaw	Date in Force	Description of how Bylaw Provision Exceeds Provincial/Territorial Legislation
Renfrew County	<i>Bylaw No. 84-09, A Bylaw to Prohibit Smoking on the Property of Bonnechere Manor & Miramichi Lodge by Residents, Staff and the General Public.</i>	1 March 2010	Smoking prohibited on the property of Bonnechere Manor and Miramichi Lodge by residents, staff and the general public.
Russell Township	<i>Bylaw No. 16-2010, Being a bylaw to amend Bylaw #09-2003 which prohibits the smoking of tobacco in public places</i>	8 March 2010	Smoking prohibited within 9 m of any entrance or exit of any municipal building that is owned or leased by the Corporation of the Township of Russell.
Sables-Spanish Rivers	<i>Bylaw No. 2007-37, Being a Bylaw to Amend Bylaw No. 2003-29, Being a Bylaw to Regulate Smoking in Public Places</i>	12 December 2007	Smoking prohibited within 10 m of entranceways to public buildings.
Sault Ste. Marie	<i>Bylaw No. 2007-154, Amending Bylaws 2005-33, 2005-13, 2003-7</i> <i>Bylaw 2009-155</i>	10 September 2007 26 October 2009	Smoking prohibited within 4 m of City entranceways (John Rhodes Centre & McMeeken Centre Arena). Smoking prohibited within 8 m of City entranceways (John Rhodes Centre & McMeeken Centre Arena), within 15 m of any playground area, within 15 m of any recreation field and while under or within 15 m of the Roberta Bondar Park Tent Pavilion.
Sioux Lookout	<i>Bylaw No. 12-03, Smoke-Free Workplaces Bylaw</i>	19 March 2003	Smoking prohibited within 2 m of an entrance to a building, structure, or other place in which a workplace is situated.

<i>Municipality</i>	<i>Bylaw</i>	<i>Date in Force</i>	<i>Description of how Bylaw Provision Exceeds Provincial/Territorial Legislation</i>
Smith-Ennismore-Lakefield	<i>Bylaw No. 2009-099</i>	24 November 2009	Smoking prohibited within 9 m of any outdoor bleachers and players' benches at 6 named locations, within 9 m surrounding any playground equipment at 5 named locations, and within 9 m surrounding any gazebo, beach or shade shelter at 6 named locations.
South Bruce	<i>Bylaw No. 2009-52, Being a Bylaw Establishing and Regulating Smoke Free Public Places</i>	10 November 2009	Smoking prohibited within 30 m of any playground equipment located within a municipal park, within 15 m of any recreational field (including but not limited to baseball diamonds, soccer pitches, tennis courts, horse shoe pits and lawn bowling fields) located within a municipal public park and within 9 m of any entrance of any municipal building.
St. Thomas	<i>Bylaw No. 111-2008, Parks and Recreation Area Bylaw</i>	21 July 2008	Smoking prohibited within 30 m of any playground equipment, splash pad, swimming pool, tennis court, skateboard facility or player's benches.
Tehkummah	<i>Bylaw No. 2004-08, Smoke Free Bylaw</i>	4 May 2004	Smoking prohibited on patios.

Municipality	Bylaw	Date in Force	Description of how Bylaw Provision Exceeds Provincial/Territorial Legislation
Thunder Bay	<i>Bylaw No. 34-2004</i>	1 July 2004	Smoking prohibited on patios and within 3 m of the entrance to any workplace or public place.
	<i>Bylaw No. 052-2010, A bylaw to repeal Bylaw No.34-2004</i>	1 June 2010	Smoking or using tobacco products (including snus, chewing or spit tobacco) prohibited in unenclosed workplaces including booths or stands where food and drinks are sold or consumed, within 3 m of a refreshment vehicle located in a public place, within 3 m of the entrance to a workplace, within 10 m of the entrance to a recreational facility, within 10 m of any playground equipment located on land owned by the Corporation, within 10 m from the edge of a beach (water's edge).
Timmins	<i>Bylaw No. 2009-6844, Being a bylaw to amend Bylaw 2003-5815</i>	16 November 2009	Smoking prohibited within 10 m of any playground equipment within parks and playgrounds owned by the City, and within 10 m of any municipal park recreational field. Smoking permitted only at designated areas at beach locations
Toronto	<i>Bylaw No. 87-2009, To Amend City of Toronto Municipal Code Chapter 608, Parks, to prohibit smoking in playgrounds and other areas of City parks.</i>	Spring 2009	Smoking prohibited within 9 m of playground equipment and surfaces, wading pools and splash pads, and zoos and farms managed by Parks, Forestry and Recreation.
Uxbridge	<i>Bylaw No. 2009-033, A Bylaw to Prohibit Smoking Within 10 m of Municipal Playgrounds and Entrance Ways of Municipal Buildings</i>	9 March 2009	Smoking prohibited within 10 m of the entranceway to any Municipal building, within 10 m of the boundary of a Municipal playground.

Municipality	Bylaw	Date in Force	Description of how Bylaw Provision Exceeds Provincial/Territorial Legislation
County of Wellington	<i>Bylaw No. 5040-08, A Bylaw to Regulate Smoking in Public Places and Workplaces</i>	27 November 2008	Smoking prohibited in legions, in nursing homes, within 5 m of any County-owned buildings and within 9 m of Wellington Terrace.
West Nipissing	<i>Bylaw No. 2008/08, Being a Bylaw to Amend Bylaw 2003/20 Being a Bylaw to Regulate Smoking in Public Places and Workplaces</i>	5 February 2008	Smoking prohibited within 9 m of entranceways and windows of municipal buildings, including community centres, libraries, arenas, garages, town hall and the sports complex.
Windsor	<i>Bylaw No. 113-2006, A Bylaw to Prohibit Smoking in the City of Windsor</i>	31 May 2006	Smoking prohibited within 9 m of an entranceway to a municipal building.
Woodstock	<i>Bylaw No. 8461-08, Smoke Free Work Places and Public Places</i>	1 September 2008	Smoking prohibited on downtown sidewalk cafés, within 30 m of any playground equipment located within a municipal public park (includes swimming pools), within 15 m of any recreational field within a municipal public park (includes baseball diamonds, soccer pitches, player or spectator benches and lawn bowling fields, but not golf courses), within 9 m of any entrance to a municipal building, within 4 m of any municipal bus stop, on hospital grounds, and during special community events including but not limited to parades, outdoor concerts, sports tournaments, sidewalk sales, Canada Day celebrations and Cowapalooza. Of special note is that private businesses can apply to be added to the schedule to make their doorways smoke-free as well, enforced by the municipality.

Municipality	Bylaw	Date in Force	Description of how Bylaw Provision Exceeds Provincial/Territorial Legislation
<p>Quebec:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The <i>Tobacco Act</i>, which came into force on May 31, 2006, will assure a gold standard level of protection in enclosed public places and workplaces when the sunset clause for employee DSRs comes into force on May 30, 2008. Smoking permitted in not more than 40% of rooms available in hotels—and rooms where smoking is permitted must be grouped together. Smoking prohibited within 9 m of doorways of health and social service institutions, colleges and universities, non-residential childcare centres, and facilities where activities for minors are held. Smoking prohibited on school property, and on bar and restaurant patios if they have more than 2 sides and a roof. There is no provision for municipalities to pass stronger smoke-free bylaws in this <i>Act</i>, although the possibility exists pursuant to the <i>Municipal Powers Act</i> regarding nuisances. 			
<p>L'Ancienne-Lorette</p>	<p><i>Règlement No. 128-2010</i></p>	<p>5 March 2010</p>	<p>Quebec precedent. Smoking and the use of all products containing tobacco or deemed to be tobacco prohibited in 10 identified enclosed public places owned by the City, as well as outside the facilities anywhere on the grounds. Specific enclosed public places are named in Article 4 of the bylaw and specific parks and green spaces are named in Article 5 where smoking is prohibited.</p>
<p>New Brunswick:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The <i>Smoke-free Places Act</i>, which came into force on October 1st, 2004, assures a gold standard level of protection in all enclosed public places and workplaces. Smoking prohibited on bar and restaurant patios if more than 70% is enclosed by walls or a roof or a combination of the two. Smoking is also prohibited on school grounds. There is no provision within the <i>Act</i> for municipalities to pass stronger bylaws. Smoking is also prohibited in private motor vehicles with children under the age of 16 present (<i>An Act to Amend the Smoke-free Places Act</i>). 			

Municipality	Bylaw	Date in Force	Description of how Bylaw Provision Exceeds Provincial/Territorial Legislation
<p>Nova Scotia:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The <i>Smoke-free Places Act (amended)</i>, which came into force on December 1st, 2006, assures a gold standard level of protection inside and outside public places and workplaces. Smoking is prohibited on all outdoor patios regardless of whether they have a roof, within 4 m of licensed outdoor areas, entrances and exits, air intakes and windows of workplaces, and on school grounds. Smoking is now also prohibited in motor vehicles with children under the age of 19 present—the first province to do so. <i>Bill No. 6, An Act to Amend Chapter 12 of the Acts of 2002, the Smoke-free Places Act</i>, was passed on December 13th, 2007 and came into force April 1st, 2008. 			
Town of Bridgewater	<i>Bylaw Chapter 191, Protection from Second-Hand Smoke Bylaw</i>	1 September 2008	Smoking prohibited on town property owned or leased, including: parks, playgrounds, outdoor recreational facilities; grounds of town buildings; grounds of an event that is open to the public, including festivals, markets and concerts; cemetery; trails and paths; streets along a parade route while a parade is in progress; and streets within a school area, except within enclosed motor vehicles.
Kentville (New!)	<i>Chapter 79, Non Smoking at/on Town Recreation Facilities Bylaw</i>	10 June 2009	Smoking prohibited on any town-owned outdoor recreational facility, including trails, fields, playgrounds, parks, ice rinks and all manner of similar properties or facilities.
County of Richmond	<i>Bylaw No. 55, Non-Smoking Bylaw</i>	3 January 2003	Smoking prohibited within 5 m of any public entrance or air intake to any public place. Broad definition of smoking is not exclusive to tobacco.
Truro	<i>Bylaw No. 0901, No Smoking Bylaw</i>	12 January 2009	Smoking prohibited in any public portion of Inglis Place, including any sidewalk, street, lane, thoroughfare, curb and retaining wall.
County of Victoria	<i>Non-Smoking Bylaw</i>	29 November 2002	Smoking prohibited within 5 m of any public entrance or air intake to any public place. Broad definition of smoking is not exclusive to tobacco.

Municipality	Bylaw	Date in Force	Description of how Bylaw Provision Exceeds Provincial/Territorial Legislation
Wolfville	<i>Bylaw No. 72, Smoke Free Indoor Public Places Bylaw</i>	1 January 2002	Broad definition of smoking is not exclusive to tobacco.
Yarmouth	<i>Bylaw No. 66, Smoking Bylaw</i>	22 March 2002	Smoking prohibited on both sides of 6 streets adjacent to 3 schools between 8 am and 4 pm on the days that the schools are in regular session.
<p>Prince Edward Island:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The newly amended <i>Smoke-free Places Act</i>, which came into force on September 15, 2009, removed designated smoking rooms and greatly improved protection for non-smokers in a variety of environments indoors and out. Smoking is now prohibited in virtually all workplaces and public places including restaurants and bars, private motor vehicles with children under the age of 19 present, construction sites, hospitals and hospital property (Hillsborough Hospital exempted—an outdoor smoking area is permitted), outdoor patios between the hours of 10 pm and 3 am, within 4.5 m of entrances and air intakes of public places and workplaces and within 2.4 m of entrances where all or part of the outdoor area is used as a patio. Designated smoking rooms are permitted in long-term care facilities. 			
<p>Newfoundland and Labrador:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The <i>Smoke-free Environment Act, 2005</i>, which came into force on June 1st, 2005, assures a gold standard level of protection in enclosed public places. However, designated smoking rooms (DSRs) for employees in some workplaces not ordinarily open to the public continue to be permitted. Smoking is prohibited on all patios—first jurisdiction in Canada to do so. 			
St. John's	<i>Bylaw No. 1530, St. John's Smoke-Free Playgrounds and Outdoor Recreational Facilities By-Law</i>	25 May 2009	Smoking prohibited at a playground or outdoor recreational facility owned, operated or occupied by the City of St. John's.

Municipality	Bylaw	Date in Force	Description of how Bylaw Provision Exceeds Provincial/Territorial Legislation
<p>Yukon:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The <i>Smoke-free Places Act</i>, which comes into force May 15, 2008 assures a gold standard level of protection in workplaces and public places, indoors and out. Smoking is prohibited on patios, within a prescribed distance from doorways, windows and air intakes of workplaces and public places, and on school grounds including post-secondary institutions (a national precedent). Smoking is also prohibited in private motor vehicles with children under the age of 18 present. 			
Dawson	<i>Bylaw No. 02-11, No Smoking Bylaw</i>	1 July 2002	Smoking prohibited in public places open to minors, as well as all municipal indoor facilities. Smoking prohibited at entrances to businesses (no buffer zone specified).
Whitehorse	<i>Bylaw No. 2003-28, Smoking Bylaw (Consolidated to Bylaw No. 2006-04)</i>	1 January 2005	Smoking prohibited in workplaces and public places, including within 3 m of entranceways. Broad definition of smoking includes any weed or substance in addition to tobacco.
<p>Northwest Territories:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The <i>Tobacco Control Act</i> (in force September 30, 2006), together with the <i>Environmental Tobacco Smoke Work Site Regulations</i> (Section 25 of the <i>Safety Act</i>, in force May 31, 2004) assure a gold standard level of protection in enclosed public places and workplaces. Smoking prohibited within 3 m of any entrance or exit of an enclosed workplace or public place, except in an enclosed shelter designated for smoking. Smoking is also prohibited within 15 m of any entrance or exit of a school. 			
<p>Nunavut:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The <i>Tobacco Control Act</i> (in force May 31, 2004) together with the <i>Environmental Tobacco Smoke Work Site Regulations</i> (Section 25 of the <i>Safety Act</i>, in force May 31, 2004) assure a gold standard level of protection in enclosed public places and workplaces. Smoking prohibited within 3 m of any entrance or exit of an enclosed workplace or public place, except in an enclosed shelter designated for smoking. Smoking is also prohibited within 15 m of any entrance or exit of a school. 			